Continued from first page.

our ancestors. It might perhaps have been possible to compensate by some other cession for the injuries sustained by the United States. However, the inflexibility of the demand obliges us to cede, and we shall cede, the island of Porto Rico and other islands belonging to the Crown of Spain in the West Indies, together with one of the islands of the archipelago of the Ladrones, to be selected by the American

Government.
The terms relating to the Philippines seem to The terms relating to the Philippines seem to our understanding quite indefinite. On the one hand, the ground on which the United States believe themselves entitled to occupy the bay, harbor and city of Manila, pending the conclusion of the treaty of peace, cannot be that of conquest, since, in spite of the blockade maintained on sea by the American fleet, and in spite of the siege established on land by a native, supported and provided for by an American admiral, Manila still holds its own, and the Spanish standard still waves over the city. On the other hand, the whole archipelage of the philippines is in the power and under the sov-

spanish standard with whole archipelago of the philippines is in the power and under the sovereignty of Spain.

Therefore the Government of Spain thinks that the temporary occupation of Manila should constitute a guarantee. It is asserted that the treaty of peace shall determine the control, disposition and Government of the Philippines, but as the intentions of the Federal Government, by repression, remain veiled, the Spanish Government must, therefore, declare that, while accepting the third condition, they do not, a priori, renounce the sovereignty of Spain over the archipelago, leaving it to the negotiators to agree as to such reforms as the conditions of these possessions and the level of the culture of their natives may render desirable. The Government of Her Majesty accepts the third condition, with

atives may render desirable. The Government of Her Majesty accepts the third condition, with he above-mentioned declarations.

Such are the statements and observations high the Spanish Government has the honor to abmit in reply to Your Excellency's communitation. They accept the proffered terms, subject to the approval of the Cortes of the Kington, as required by their constitutional duty. The agreement between the two Governments in the in-mediate suspension of hostilities and the designation of Commissioners for the urpose of settling the details of a treaty of eace and of signing it under the terms above idicated.

I avail myself of this occasion to offer to Your Excellency assurances of my highest considera-

SECRETARY DAY'S RESPONSE ..

Following is Secretary Day's response, through clares embodied acquiescence to her rvation of Philippine sovereignty from dison in the Peace Conference:

Your Excellency: Although it is your understanding that the note of the Duke of Almodovar which you left with the President on yesterday afternoon is intended to convey an acceptance by the Sparish Government of the terms set forth in my note of the 20th ultime as a basis upon which the President would append Commissioners to negotiate and conclude with Commissioners on the part of Spain a treaty of peace. I understand that we concur in the opinion that the Duke's note, doubtless owing to the various transformations which it has undergone in the course of its circuitous transmission by telegraph and in cipher, is not, in the form in which it has reached the President, entirely explicit.

Under the circumstances, it is thought that the most direct and certain way of avoiding misunderstanding is to embody in a protocol, to be signed by us as the representatives respectively of the United States and of Spain, the terms on which the negotiations for peace are to be undertaken

he signed by us as the representations for peace are tively of the United States and of Spain, the terms on which the negotiations for peace are to be undertaken.

I therefore inclose herewith a draft of such a protocol, in which you will find that I have embodied the precise terms tendered to Spain in my note of the 30th nitimo, together with appropriate stipulations for the appointing of Commissioners to arrange the details of the immediate evacuation of Cuha, Porto Rico and other islands under Spanish sovereignty in the West Indies, as well as for the appointment of Commissioners to treat of peace.

Accept, Your Excellency, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

WILLIAM R. DAY.

The Americans hold that Spain saw that Phil

were suspended. It was not designed by the United States to prejudge Spain's rights. but to have them determined under the protocol versations at Washington throughout the origi-nal peace negotiations left no room for Spain's representative to doubt that the United States expected under the protocol to have the right to consider Spain's Philippine sovereignty if they cared to exercise it.

GENERAL EUROPEAN WAR CONJURED UP. Parts, Nov. 12 - The "Gaulots" this morning, after referring to the Philippine question as presenting serious complications, says:

serious complications, says:

The thing to be faced is no longer a renewal of the conflict between America and Spain, owing to a rupture of the negotiations, but a general European conflict. The Fashoda incident is only the prologue to a big drams which is soon to occupy the theatre of inter-European politics, and on reading the papers of Berlin, London and Madrid, one feels that something uncomfortable is in the air. Spain knows that resistance upon her part, isolated as sile is, would have no chance of success, and she is looking for a friend in Europe. Before Fashoda any such search would have been useless, but now England is anxious to satisfy her ambitions in the Far East.

Centinuing, the "Gaulois" asserts that Great Britain is trying to bring about an offensive and defensive alliance with the United States, of which alliance, according to the "Gaulois," Great Britain alone would reap the benefit. The "Gaulois" then

Her programme is the following: She will induce the United States to refuse any concession to Spain, and to refuse coaling stations in the Philippine Islands to Russia and Germany. A conflict breaks out. England, as America's ally, intervenes, which forces the other Powers having interests in the East to take up arms. The question becomes no longer that of the Philippines, but that of China, and finally a European war breaks out.

SICKNESS AMONG TROOPS DECREASING. Denver, Nov. 12 - Governor Adams to-day recrived the following cable dispatch from Brigadier-General Hale, from whom he had requested information is to the condition of the Colorado vol-

Governor Adams, Denver.

DINNER TO BAY STATE CONGRESSMEN. | pris Boston, Nov. 12 - The Middlesex Club gave a dinner at Young's Hotel this afternoon as an expresation of its congratulations to the successful Repub-lican candidates for Congress in the recent election.
J. Q. A. Brackett presided, and Congressmen Wey-mouth, of Fitchburg, and Greene, of Fall River, and Congressman-elect Roberts, of Chelsea, were

EACH SUBSCRIBER'S STATION in the system of the New York Telephone Company is provided with the best telephone equipment known to the art. The quality of the service is the same for all. The Rates vary only with the amount of use of the Service. This makes the cost of telephone service at RESIDENCES and PRIVATE STABLES very moderate.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO. 15 Dey St., 952 Broadway, 115 W. 38th St.

NEW FACTOR TO RECKON WITH

EUROPEAN ATTENTION DRAWN TO THE UNITED STATES.

LORD SALISBURY'S SPEECH AND ITS EFFECT THE PHILIPPINES.

London, Nov. 12.-During the last week the United around Santiago. The entry of the American Reattracted widespread and varied attention, and never before have the phases and issues of an American election been so generally and eagerly canvassed and so intelligently commented upon electors of the United States has commanded a journalistic spokesmen in France, Russia and Germany exhibit an equal unanimity of disapproval. bury threw the chancelleries of Europe a porten Spanish shores, which Europeans, ever quick to dis M. Cambon, under date of August 10, and which sympathy. The Marquis of Salisbury remains so loy terpretations as there are interpreters. But there ing emphasizes, that "our unity of interests in that quarter of the globe depends upon the main

BRITISH INVESTORS REJOICE

The American attitude toward the Philippin nterests was displayed, though, so far as can

the hope of finding a friend and protector in Em the Anglo-American rather than in the France duplicate his telegram to President Kriiger,

MERRITT AND THE GERMANS.

By this the German official intimated that the infusion of German blood explained the efficiency of the American soldiers. General Merritt, it is added, replied, jestingly:

"We make a citizen of a German in three years and we make a soldler of him in five years." The members of General Merritt's staff are no unanimous in considering the Philippine Islands

to be a desirable acquisition. One of the officers said:

"My observations forced me to the conclusion that if we take the Philippine Islands we shall be shouldering a century of trouble and broils. The expense of the Spanish possession merely consisted in controlling a few of the large towns. The rest of the country ran itself. The Spaniards were compelled to pay tribute to the Sultans of some of the islands to keep the peace. The United States would not be content with Spanish methods of governing. We should refuse to pay blackmall and the enforcement of an efficient government, keeping the peace among the various factions, quelling intrigues among the natives, friars and foreigners, collecting taxes and defending ourselves against foreign aggressions, seems a superhuman task."

selves against foreign aggressions, seems a superhuman task.

If the Marquis of Salisbury's speech made clear any fact it was that Great Britain does not intend to diminish her armaments, regardless of the Czar's proposal in that direction. The energetic prosecution of the work of putting the British navy on a war footing, after the Fashoda incident is closed, inspires speculation, some construing it as foreloding war over the Philippine Islands and other linking it with the Chinese problem and the presence of 46,000 Russians at Fort Arthur, who might, conceivably, be marched to Peking for the protection of Russian interests. Others, however, conclude that the British Admiralty is utilizing the opportunity for manouvres, for which Parliament, under calmer conditions, would not authorize the expenditure.

FRANCE AND THE BRITISH ARMAMENTS.

FRANCE AND THE BRITISH ARMAMENTS. France's view of the British armaments may be Manils, Nov. 11. incident has unquestionably left a bitter taste it French mouths, which the condese adingly south Governor Adams, Denver.

Sickness moderate, decreasing. Nothing dangerOus Coloredo rations improved.

ADMIRAL DEWEY HONORED IN CHICAGO.

A SCHOOL NAMED FOR HIM AND "DEWEY DAY"

TO RE GISSERVED.

Chicago, Nov. 12—Admiral Dewey has acknowledged the compliment paid to him by the Board of Education in having one of the new school buildings and accepting war in the near failure in the house of the same active from the Admiral in which he thanks been received from the Admiral in which he thanks the members of the Board. Trustee Sherwood wilshed to have a portrait of the hero of Manila adont the school, and asked the Admiral to send his photograph.

The letter is as follows:

Manila, Nov. 12.

Manila, Nov. 14.

Manila, October 4.

Dear Shr. The Board of Education has done member honor in naming the new school "the George Dewey School," and in putting aside a day to be known as "the Dewey Day."

Mily you have the kindness to extend to the Board of Education my heartfelt thanks for such board of Education my heartfelt thanks for such the Board of Ed ing tone of the English papers, which have been

ENGLAND AND EGYPT. SIR EDWARD GREY SAYS CIRCUMSTANCES HAVE

CHANGED IN THE LAND OF THE PHARAOHS. London, Nov. 12.—Sir Edward Grey, Liberal Mem-ber of Parliament for the Berwick-on-Tweed Divi-

night, voiced the opinion of Liberals on the subject of Egypt's future, saying that, although Great Britian went to Egypt promising and intending to evacuate, circumstances had created fresh obliga-tions, resulting in a position which any British Government was bound to maintain.

THE GAIN IN FOREIGN TRADE

DETAILS OF THE REDUCTION IN IM-PORTS AND INCREASE IN EXPORTS

MARKED GAINS IN TRADE WITH GERMANY FRANCE, BRITISH NORTH AMERICA AND JAPAN

Washington, Nov. 12 (Special).-The details of crease of \$123,000,000 in exports of the United States for the nine months ending September 30 1898, are shown by the "Monthly Summary of Commerce and Finance," just issued by the ury Bureau of Statistics. To every grand division of the world sales have increased, while at the grand division, except Asia and Oceanica, To Eu ope sales increased from \$568,805,159 to \$666,986, while purchases were cut down from \$332,394. 948 to \$240.863,714. To North America sales in creased from \$94.842,860 to \$108,931,837, while pur chases fell from \$84,511,466 to \$78,048,519. To South America exports increased from \$24,871,545 to \$25, 323,942, while imports from that part of the work fell from \$78,656,642 to \$63,513,873. To Asia and Oceanica exports increased from \$45,784,340 to \$54. Imports also increased from \$85,004,867 to \$88,259,960, this being mostly due to an increase imports of raw silk, for use in the factories of the United States. To Africa sales increased from \$11,-934,338 to \$13,555,077, while imports decreased from

\$8,186,080 to \$6,674,827.
The total gain in exports in the nine months ending September 30, 1898, compared with the cor-responding months of last year, was, as above indicated, \$123,054,536, and the total reduction in im ports \$113,394,010.

these figures is the marked gains in the sales to the ountries with which American trade relations were supposed to be in a somewhat critical condition, be both at home and abroad. Much anxiety had bee States in Germany, France, British North America and Japan. German legislation and official ruling had seemed likely seriously to curtail sales of meats and fruits to that country, and somewhat disastrously to sales there, while legislation Canada had given to goods from other parts of the world 1242 per cent tariff advantage over the quently expressed belief that the increased tariff especially in the cases of those countries which protested against certain features of the Tariff Germany, France and British North America, tl creased 30 per cent, to British North America

The countries which offered formal protests during the pendency of the legislation of 1897 were the United Kingdom, Germany, France, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, the Netherlands, Italy, Switzerland, China, Japan and Argentina. Yet the sales to them increased over 18 per cent in the nine months in question, while total sales were in

nine months in question, while total sales were increasing but 16 per cent.

In the countries and articles regarding which the greatest anxiety was felt, by reason of the facts noted above, a marked gain in exports from the United States is shown. Exports of bacon to Germany, for instance, increased from 18,057,287 pounds in nine months of 1807 to 33,669,583 pounds in the corresponding months of 1808; hams from 2,778,241 pounds to 10,560,441 pounds and lard from 142,118,141 pounds to 162,800,052; while fruits which were seriously threatened, increased from \$561,212 to \$65,820 in value. To France exports of fruits increased from \$188,694 to \$562,420; bacon from \$103,628 in value to \$837,509.

The story of the nine months of the commerce of the United States is told briefly in the following table, which compares the imports and exports by grand divisions during the imports and exports by grand divisions during the ine months just ended with those of the corresponding months of the preceding year:

NINE MONTHS ENDING SEFTEMBER 30.

THE MILES RECEPTION COMMITTEE. The Military Committee at the reception give by the Daughters of the American Revolution t General Nelson A. Miles at the Hotel Majestic o Friday evening were the following: Colonel Clar ence E. Burke, chairman; Brigadler-General G ence E. Burke, Chairman, inciganier-te-leria G. K. Gillespie, U. S. Army; Colonel Daniel Appleton, General Henry E. Tremain, Lieu; enant Henry E. Rhodes, of the Navy; Colonel Wilbur E. Wilder, Colonel Charles J. Wright, Colonel Albert A. Pope, General F. A. Starring, Colonel Charles J. Seiter and Colonel George B. Fielder, The same committee directed the reception at the Waldorf-Astoria before the dinner for General Miles.



Dainty Coat for Baby \$6.00.

collar trimmed with platting of satin ribbon

Illustrating how much of what is known as "style" can be put into even baby-things, by those and by those only who make the outfitting of children their exclusive business.

60-62 West 23d St.

Sales by Anction.

JOHN H. FRENCH, Auctioneer, Will Sell To-morrow, at Noon, AT 47 LIBERTY ST.,

AND CONTINUE DAILY UNTIL THE ENTIRE STOCK IS DISPOSED OF.
FOR GEORGE M. CORNING ASSISTANT SECRETARY NEW YORK LIFE INS. & TRUST CO., AS TRUST FOR THE STOCK OF THE

An Immense Stock of Jewelry Held as Security FOR BANK CREDITORS,

DIAMONDS, and other Precious-Stone Jewelry,

OVER 2,000 RINGS, Pieces of Jewelry Valued from \$5 to \$1,000. MANY RARE AND CHOICE GEMS IN EVERY VARI ETT OF SETTING.

This is the Largest and Most Important Public Sale of Jewelry ever held in this city.

Absolute Sale and Peremptory.

STERN & RUSHMORE, WALL ST.

ACITY INITISELF THE BIG STORE

the magic touch of Challenge Sale has electrified New York with its record-breaking low prices; and this, our fourth semi-annual sale, with traditions of an unbroken chain of victories to uphold, will prove no disappointment.

Buying and selling in vast quantities on a strict cash basis, with the prestige of the two Big Stores to influence prices in your favor, we offer better goods for the same money or the same goods for less money—all the time. But for Challenge Sale we have strained every nerve and muscle, brought into play every possible advantage at our command, so that the price demonstration may be more emphatic than ever, and the laurels of victory may again crown this, The Big Store's greatest effort. We submit with perfect confidence the attractions provided for the first sale day, knowing, as only merchants ever can, that every item presented is offered at a lower price than it was ever sold for here, elsewhere, anywhere.

Challenge Prices.

250 PIECES ALL-WOOL SUIT-INGS, in a splendid line of colors, inluding black: just the material for

5,000 YARDS FRENCH BROAD- actually worth 75c.; chal-CLOTHS, in a most beautiful assort ment of colors, fully 52 inches wide a cloth that never before was sold for a cloth that never below less than \$1.50 a yard; chal-

Furniture at Challenge Prices.

SOLID OAK, POLISHED, HIGH BACK, HAND CARVED ROCKER wood or leather seat, heavy turned spindles, large and comfortable; reg-

brass feet; regularly sold at \$95c \ RIBBED AND MERINO VESTS \ lar, of the same or combination color \ \$2.50; challenge price... 95c \ AND PANTS, extra well made and \ broadcloth, and trimmed with ten rows BEAUTIFUL OAK DRESSER,

people; positively worth \$12.00; challenge price... 6.00 WELL MADE SPRING EDGE COUCH, covered with Belgian Velouts, Liberty Velvets or leatherette; would be a bargain at \$10.00; challenge price... 6.75

Carpets and Rugs at Challenge Prices. 100 ROLLS WILTON VELVET

200 DOZEN COMFORTERS, crib Fresh Ground Pepper or size, sateen coverings; 1.19 Mustard, per 2 lbs., challenge price.

500 PAIRS 11-4 COTTON Starch; challenge price Procter & Gamble's Leno 100,000 READY MADE PILLOW) per box of 100 cakes, \$2.75; CASES, made of ends of the best bleached sheetings, such as Fruit of the Loom, Lockwood, Anchor, Utica and Pequot Brands, size 45x36 5/c inches; challenge price 10,000 DOZEN HEMSTITCHED PILLOW CASES, all sizes; challenge price Challenge price HONEY ALMOND CREA

READY MADE SHEETS, for single beds, heavy sheeting; 22c challenge price . . Books for Children }

YOUNG PIONEERS OF THE NORTHWEST, Flaxie Kittyleen, Kathie's Soldiers, published at 75c. Kathie's Soldiers, pand \$1 a volume; challenge 25c

Dress Woollens at Men's and Boys' Hat Challenge

500 DOZEN MEN'S SAMPLE
DERBYS AND FEDORAS, made by
two of the largest hat manufacturers in Bethel, Conn.; there are all shades and shapes of hats in the lot, made to wool smooth surface Kersey cloth, in fall and winter gowns; challenge price.

25c | in Bethel, Conn.; there are all shades and shapes of hats in the lot, made to sell for \$2.50; challenge | 1.00 |
BLACK NUNS SERGE, fully 50 | BOVS! WINTER CAPS, made of sell for \$2.50; winter CAPS, made of the sell for \$2.50; winter CAPS, win

at \$1 a yard; challenge 58c less than 50c.; challenge 25c

200 DOZEN BOYS' SPECIAL CADET MILITARY CAPS, made in the new A. G. Regulation and Ca-

Women's and Chil-

dren's Underwear Challenge. wood of leaflest state and comfortable; regularly sold at \$3.00; challenge price.

SOLID OAK CENTRE TABLE, with double top, 24 by 24 inches square, horse fearly and the same of the same of combination colors.

SOLID OAK CENTRE TABLE, with double top, 24 by 24 inches square, horse fearly and the same of the same of combination colors.

SOLID OAK CENTRE TABLE, with double top, 24 by 24 inches square, horse fearly and the same of combination colors.

BEAUTIFUL OAK DRESSER, with fancy French bevel plate, hand-carved, large size base; positively worth \$12.00; challenge price.

100 dozen WOMEN'S PURE AU-STRALIAN WOOL VESTS AND PANTS, natural and camel's hair, fully worth \$1, challenge price.

100 dozen WOMEN'S ALL WOOL KNEE PANTS, pleasing dark patterns, strongly made, with taped seams, riveted buttons and elastic waith experiments of drawers; clee-price.

100 dozen WOMEN'S ALL WOOL STRALIAN WOOL VESTS AND PANTS, natural and camel's hair, fully worth \$1, challenge price.

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100 dozen WOMEN'S ALL WOOL STRALIAN WOOL VESTS AND PANTS, natural and camel's hair, fully worth \$1, challenge price.

100 dozen WOMEN'S ALL WOOL STRALIAN WOOL VESTS & PANTS, white, black or natural, worth \$1, challenge price.

100 dozen WOMEN'S ALL WOOL STRALIAN WOOL VESTS & PANTS, on the price with velvet, wings, birds, ribbon, &c., with the part of the with velvet, wings, birds, ribbon, &c., with the part of the price with velvet, wings, birds, ribbon, &c., with the part of the part

ROUND EXTENSION TABLE, with 4-inch spiral legs; 45 inches in diameter; will extend 6 feet and seat 9 finely finished, worth 75c., 35c

Challenge Prices.

BAKING POWDER:—Cleveland's CARPET PATTERNS, suitable for rooms, also halls and stairs, the quality which regularly sells from \$1.00 to \$1.35 per yard; challenge price.

200 ROLLS DOUBLE EXTRA OUALITY TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, a large assortment of patterns in light and dark shades, actually worth from 75c. to 80c. a yard; challenge price.

300 ROLLS KIDDERMINSTER CARPET, 36 inches wide, extra heavy, very durable, Brussels patterns, good 65c. a yard quality;

A56

BAKING POWDER:—Cleveland's Baking price allowed the price.

BAKING POWDER:—Cleveland's Baking price allowed the price.

BAKING POWDER:—Cleveland's Baking price.

BAKING Powder, per 1-lb.

29c

CANNED GOODS:—Red Ripe
as high as 39c. a yard; 12/c

TOILE DU NORD GINGHAMS, effects, regularly sold at 10c. per yard; 5/c

Challenge price.

FANCY TRIMMED HATS, dress Proceed the price.

FANCY TRIMED HATS, dress Proceed the

Men's and Boys' Clothing at

and shapes of hats in the lot, made to sell for \$2.50; challenge 1.00 price.

200 PIECES EXTRA FINE BLACK NUNS SERGE, fully 50 inches wide, the most durable fabric made; the real 75c quality; 44c challenge price.

200 PIECES COLORED NOV-ELTY DRESS GOODS, 40 and 50 inches wide, strictly new and hand-some fall styles, that regularly sell at \$1 a yard; challenge 58c price.

300 PIECES COLORED NOV-ELTY DRESS GOODS, 40 and 50 inches wide, strictly new and hand-some fall styles, that regularly sell at \$1 a yard; challenge 58c price.

300 PIECES COLORED NOV-ELTY DRESS GOODS, 40 and 50 inches wide, strictly new and hand-some fall styles, that regularly sell at \$1 a yard; challenge 58c price.

300 PIECES COLORED NOV-ELTY DRESS GOODS, 40 and 50 inches wide, strictly new and hand-some fall styles, that regularly sell at \$1 a yard; challenge 58c price.

100 FIECES COLORED COATING SERGE, extra heavy, fine allwool quality, fully 48 inches wide, sold
all season at \$1 a yard; challenge price.

MEN'S WINTER CAPS FOR OUTDOOR WORKERS, made of kersey cloth, fancy rib cap stuffs, plain and stripe velours and plushettes; challenge price.

ded, sack or cutaway frock coat style, lined throughout with fine Farmer's satin and tailored after the manner of \$12.50 and \$14.00 suits; 7.00

MEN'S SPECIAL BUSINESS
TROUSERS, made of strictly all wool Oakland Mills case meres, in non-dust showing shades, properly tailored, with continuous waistbands tailored, with continuous waistbands 15c recognized as \$2.00 values; 1.15

BOYS' FINE REEFERS, of fine, soft knot Astrakhan, in shades of black, blue and brown, made with velvet sailor collar, trimmed with braid and soutache, and lined with heavy Farmer's satin, finished with pearl buttons. They are positively worth \$3.50; sizes 3 to 8 years; 1.95 BOYS FINE SAILOR SUITS, of } keeps the prices down lower than our

of boxed silk soutache; sizes 3 to 10 years; actual value \$4.50; 2.45 HATS, made of felt and trimmed with velvet, wings, birds, ribbon, &c... actually worth \$4.00; challenge price.

patterns and shades, made waist or blouse style; sizes 4 to 14 years; Flannels, Singhams, } Scarfs and Linings. \ Untrimmed Hats at

California fleeced domets, in pleasing

SUGAR: H. & E. Standard Refined Granulated Sugar; challenge price, 10 lbs for duality; elsewhere 10c. a yard; 53c challenge price.

PROVISIONS: Sugar Cured Ham of Lean Strip Bacon, per lb., challenge price fects, embroidered bottoms; length and width, dark effects, embroidered bottoms; length and width, dark effects, embroidered bottoms; locallenge price challenge price.

SCOTTCH PLANNEL SKIPTING.

yard; challenge price.

300 ROLLS KIDDERMINSTER; syrup, per can, challenge | 10c |
12c |
12d |
1

Fresh Ground Pepper or Mustard, per 2 lbs., challenge price.

Fresh Ground Pepper or Mustard, per 2 lbs., challenge price

S-lb. pkge. best Laundry

Starch; challenge price

Procter & Gamble's Lenox Soap, per box of 100 cakes, \$2.75; per cake, challenge price

Challenge Prices

SHEFFIELD'S DENTIFRICE; challenge price.

Challenge price

Fresh Ground Pepper or Mustard, per 2 lbs., challenge price

Challenge Price

S-lb. pkge. best Laundry

Starch; challenge price

Procter & Gamble's Lenox Soap, per box of 100 cakes, \$2.75; per cake, challenge price

Challenge Prices

SHEFFIELD'S DENTIFRICE; challenge price

Challenge price

DENTAL FOAM for the teeth; challenge price

POUDRE DE RIZ FACE POW-DER; challenge price, 29c

VIOLET B DE PARME SOAP; challenge price

WHITE OR GREEN CASTILE

SOAP, per bar; challenge price

WHITE OR GREEN CASTILE

SOAP, per bar; challenge price

WHITE OR GREEN CASTILE

SOAP, per bar; challenge price

FISH POINT LACE CUR-TAINS, full length and width, both worth 90c per pair; challenge price.

NOTTINGHAM LACE CUR-TAINS, full length and width, both worth 19c price.

NOTTINGHAM LACE CUR-TAINS, full length and width, both worth 19c price.

NOTTINGHAM LACE CUR-TAINS, full length and width, both worth 90c per pair; challenge price.

NOTTINGHAM LACE CUR-TAINS, full length and width, both worth 90c per pair; challenge price.

NOTTINGHAM LACE CUR-TAINS, full length and width, both worth 90c per pair; challenge price.

NOTTINGHAM LACE CUR-TAINS, full length and width, both worth 90c price.

NOTTINGHAM LACE CUR-TAINS,

Challenge Sale and Horse Show Millinery.



gems of feminine headwear, are her tor you to view, admire and buy, and the great power of the Challenge Sale

usual standard. WOMEN'S TRIMMED HATS, challenge price .

patterns and shades, made waist of blouse style; sizes 4 to 14 years; elsewhere 30c.; challenge 15c ROTS, fine imported goods, sold elsewhere at 75c.; challenge 39c